National Board of Examinations

Question Paper Name :DrNB CRITICAL CARE MEDICINE Paper1Subject Name :DrNB CRITICAL CARE MEDICINE Paper1Creation Date :2023-04-25 11:44:57Duration :180Share Answer Key With Delivery Engine :No

DrNB CRITICAL CARE MEDICINE Paper1

No

Group Number: 1 Group Id: 3271872106 **Group Maximum Duration:** 0 180 **Group Minimum Duration: Show Attended Group?:** Nο **Edit Attended Group?:** No **Group Marks:** 100 Is this Group for Examiner?: No **Examiner permission: Cant View Show Progress Bar?:** No

Actual Answer Key:

DrNB CRITICAL CARE MEDICINE Paper1

Section Id: 3271872109

Section Number: 1

Section type: Offline

Mandatory or Optional: Mandatory

Number of Questions to be attempted: 10

Section Marks: 100

Enable Mark as Answered Mark for Review and

Clear Response:

Yes

Maximum Instruction Time: 0

Sub-Section Number: 1

Sub-Section Id: 3271872113

Question Shuffling Allowed: No

Is Section Default?: null

Question Number: 1 Question Id: 32718721233 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE Consider As

Subjective : Yes Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

Correct Marks: 10

Please write your answers in the answer booklet within the allotted pages as follows:-

Question Number	Answer to be attempted within	Question Number	Answer to be attempted within
Q. 1	Page 1-5	Q. 6	Page 26-30
Q. 2	Page 6-10	Q. 7	Page 31-35
Q. 3	Page 11-15	Q. 8	Page 36-40
Q. 4	Page 16-20	Q. 9	Page 41-45
Q. 5	Page 21-25	Q. 10	Page 46-50

1. Classify and comparatively evaluate antibacterial agents belonging to β -lactam group. [10]

Question Number: 2 Question Id: 32718721234 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE Consider As

Subjective: Yes Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

Correct Marks: 10

a) Refeeding syndrome. [5]

b) Sick euthyroid syndrome. [5]

Question Number: 3 Question Id: 32718721235 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE Consider As

Subjective: Yes Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

Correct Marks: 10

Define transpulmonary pressure. What is its clinical utility and how it is measured? [2+(4+4)]

Question Number: 4 Question Id: 32718721236 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE Consider As

Subjective: Yes Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

Correct Marks: 10

a) Chi-square test. [3]

b) Analysis of variance (ANOVA). [3]

c) Phases of clinical trials. [4]

Question Number: 5 Question Id: 32718721237 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE Consider As

Subjective: Yes Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

Correct Marks: 10

Define respiratory failure. Discuss the common non-invasive techniques for monitoring pulmonary function at bedside in an ICU. [2+8]

Question Number: 6 Question Id: 32718721238 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE Consider As

Subjective: Yes Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

Correct Marks: 10

Discuss the various factors which increase the risk of complications during the intra-hospital transfer of critically ill patients. [10]

Question Number: 7 Question Id: 32718721239 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE Consider As

Subjective: Yes Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

Correct Marks: 10

Enumerate the common causes of cardio-respiratory arrest in pregnant women. Discuss the major modifications during the pregnant patient CPR (cardiopulmonary resuscitation). [6+4]

Question Number: 8 Question Id: 32718721240 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE Consider As

Subjective : Yes Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

Correct Marks: 10

Discuss indications, principles and physiology of gas exchange during high-flow nasal oxygen therapy. [2+2+6]

Question Number: 9 Question Id: 32718721241 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE Consider As

Subjective: Yes Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

Correct Marks: 10

Describe the mechanism of action and methods of reversal of effect of:

- a) Unfractionated heparin. [3]
- b) Low-molecular-weight heparin. [3]
- c) Fondaparinux. [2]
- d) Argatroban. [2]

Question Number: 10 Question Id: 32718721242 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE Consider As

Subjective: Yes Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

Correct Marks: 10

Discuss pathophysiology, clinical presentation and management of transfusion-related acute lung injury (TRALI). [3+3+4]